



MINISTRY OF NATURAL RESOURCES  
AND ENVIRONMENTAL SUSTAINABILITY



**BIOSYM**  
BIOSAFETY  
SYMPOSIUM **2025**  
**21 AUGUST 2025**



# BIOSAFETY SYMPOSIUM

STRENGTHENING BIOSAFETY  
FOR FUTURE SUSTAINABILITY

**21 August 2025 | Thursday**  
DoubleTree by Hilton, Shah Alam



## Preparedness for GMO Food Innovation and Safety in Malaysia

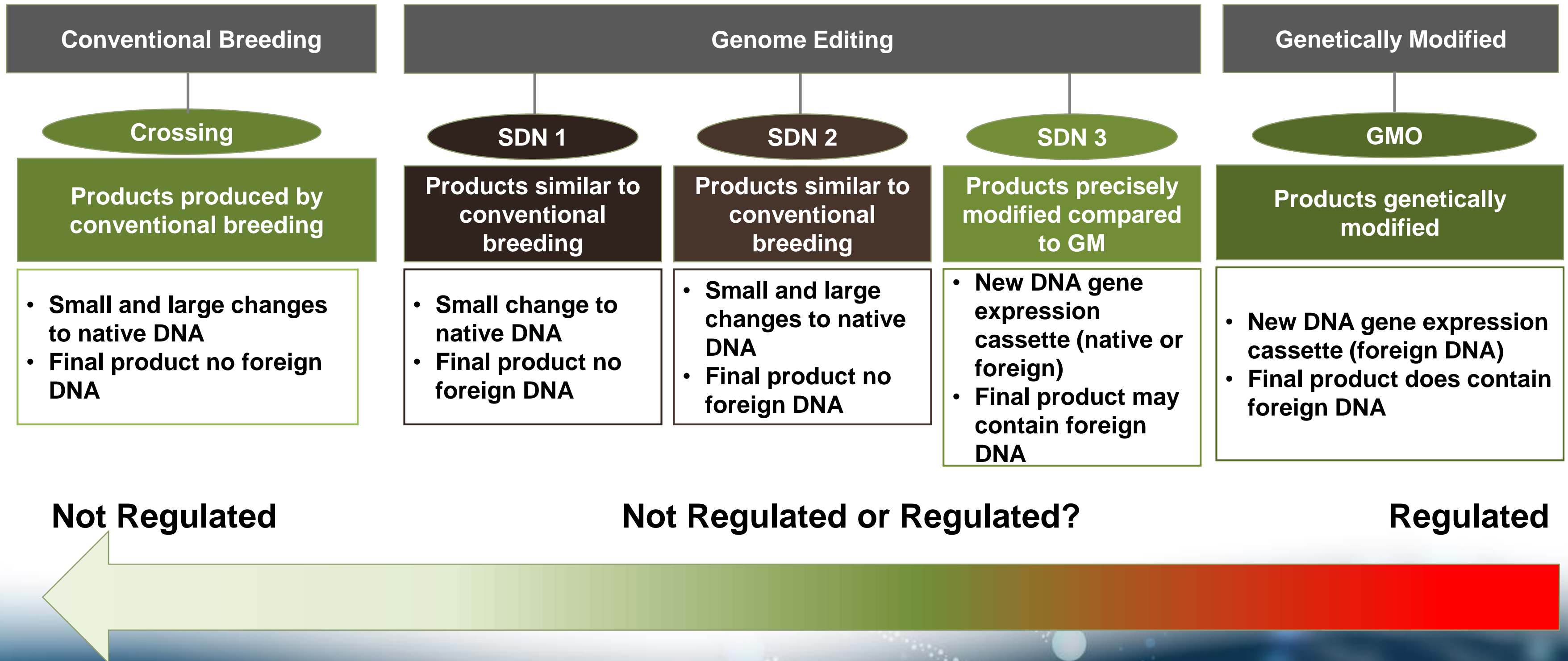
**Ahmad Parveez Hj. Ghulam Kadir**  
P.J.N. PhD. FASc.

Director General of Malaysian Palm Oil Board (MPOB)

**DIALOGUE SESSION**

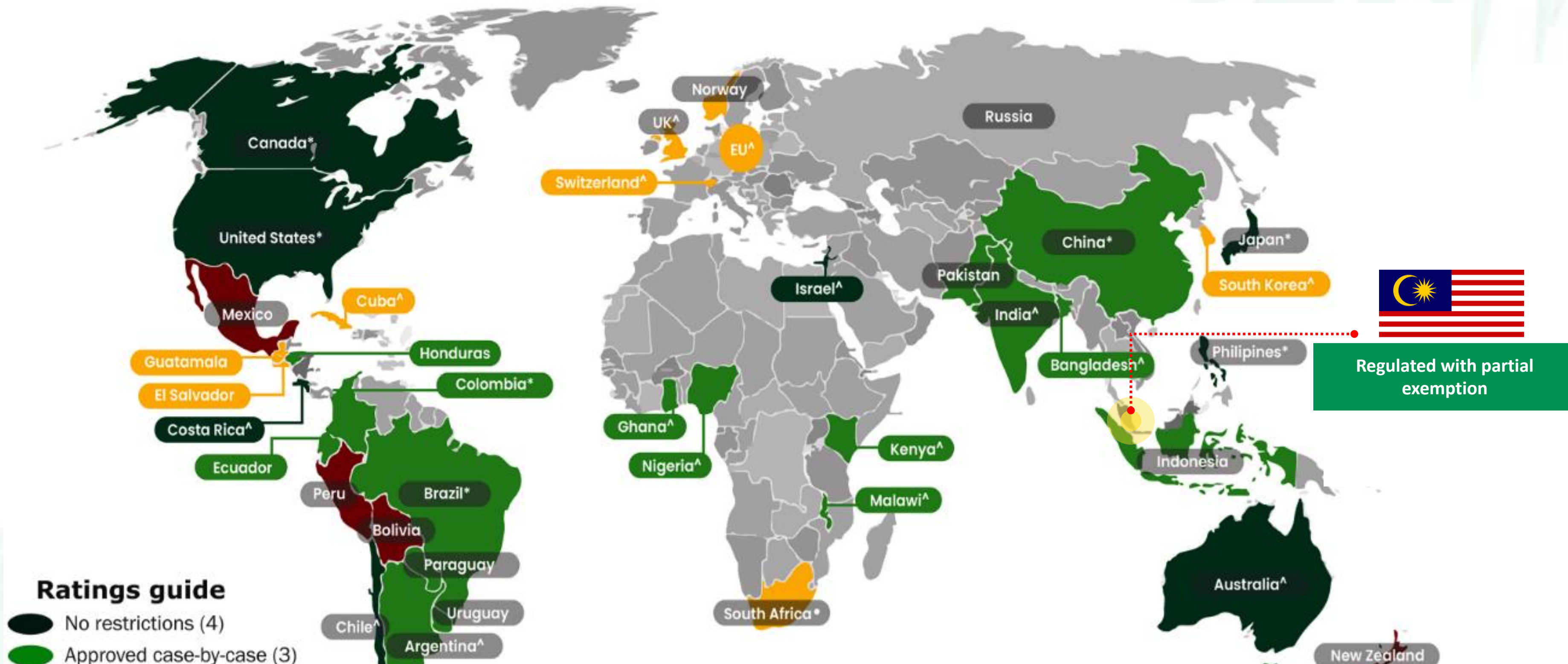
**With Great Technology Comes Great Responsibility: Genetically Modified Food from Farm to Plate**

# OVERVIEW OF CONVENTIONAL BREEDING, GENOME EDITING AND GENETICALLY MODIFIED PRODUCTS





# Global Landscape Genome Edited Crops



Source: Global Gene editing Regulation Tracker





## AKTA BIOKESELAMATAN 2007

### PENGECUALIAN OLEH MENTERI

DALAM menjalankan kuasa yang diberikan oleh seksyen 68 Akta Biokeselamatan 2007 [Akta 678], Menteri, atas syor Lembaga, mengecualikan daripada keperluan Bahagian IV Akta bagi aktiviti pengeksporan, kegunaan terkawal dan pengimportan untuk kegunaan terkawal organisma diubah suai yang hidup (tumbuhan) melibatkan penyuntingan genom dan perlu dipantau oleh jawatankuasa keinstitusian biokeselamatan organisasi yang berdaftar. Penyuntingan genom tumbuhan berikut dikecualikan -

1. sebarang aktiviti yang melibatkan *Site-Directed Nuclease 1* (SDN-1); dan
2. sebarang aktiviti yang melibatkan *Site-Directed Nuclease 2* (SDN-2) dan penyelitan 20 pasangan bes atau kurang asid deoksiribonukleik (DNA).

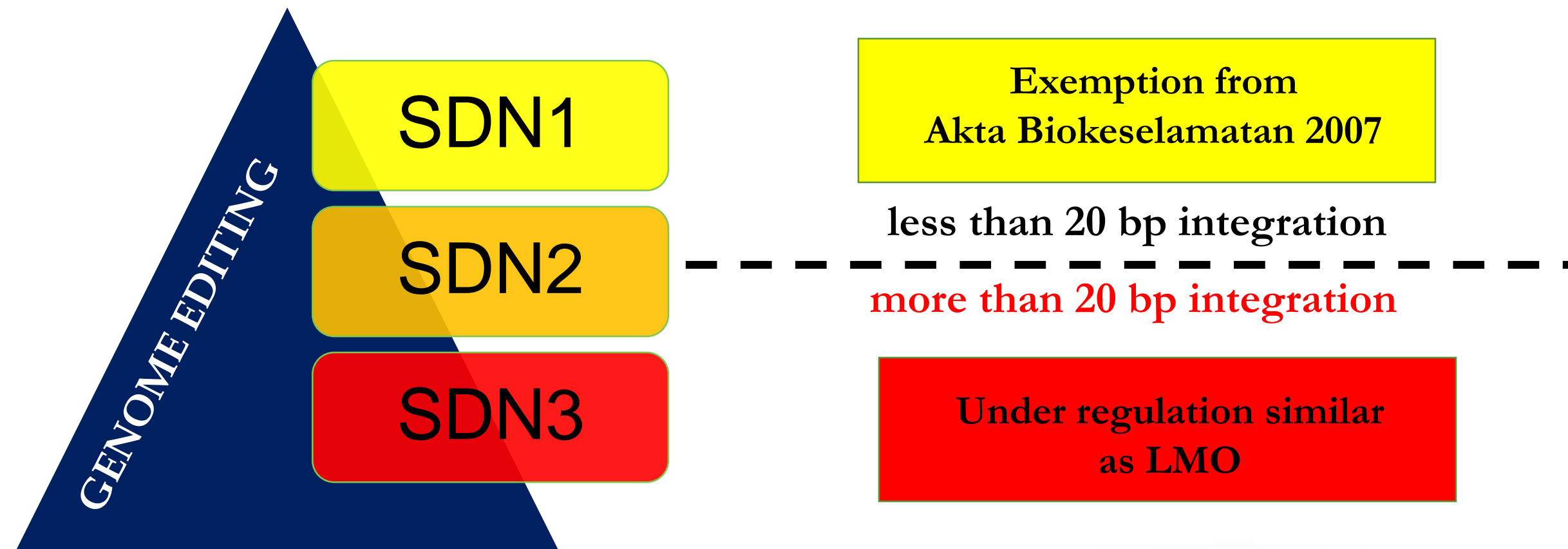
Tarikh 7 Mei 2025  
[JBK(S)100-5/1/1 Jld. 6 (8)]

  
NIK NAZMI BIN NIK AHMAD  
Menteri Sumber Asli dan Kelestarian Alam

# Minister Exemption

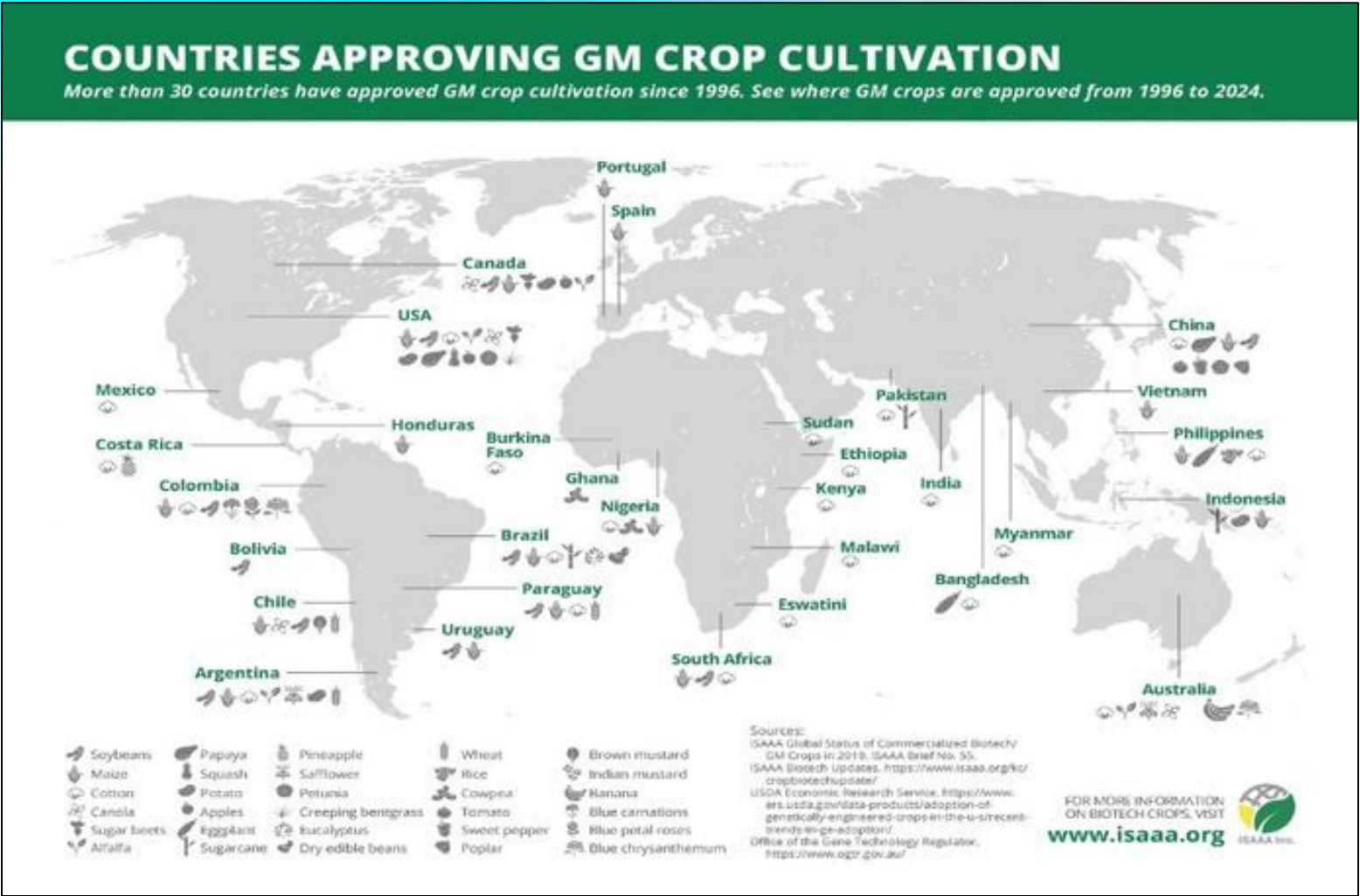
## Plant Genome Editing

### -Contained Used Activity



🔊 **Announcement during the Seminar IBC Kebangsaan 2025 on 25 June 2025**

# GLOBAL & MALAYSIA SCENARIOS ON GENETICALLY MODIFICATION (GM) CROPS



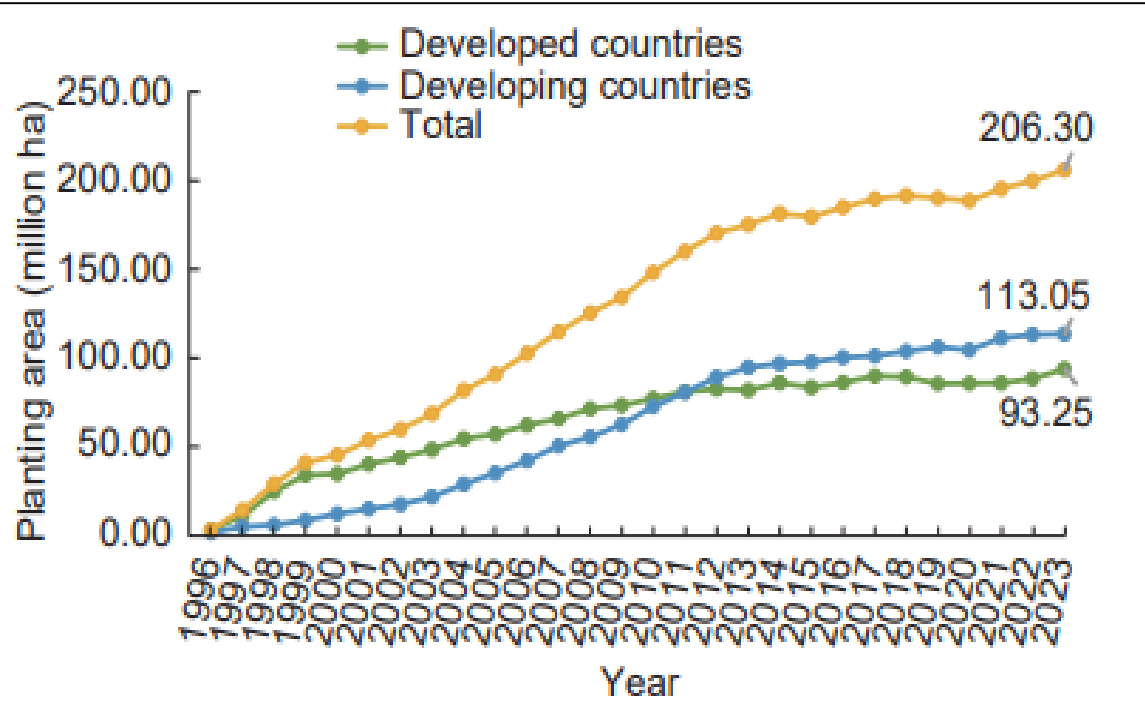
In 2023, 206.3 million hectares of GM crops were planted in 27 countries and regions, representing 3.05% growth over the previous year (Agbio Investor 2024).

The top five countries including United States, Brazil, Argentina, India, and Canada represented 91% of the world's GM crops planting area.

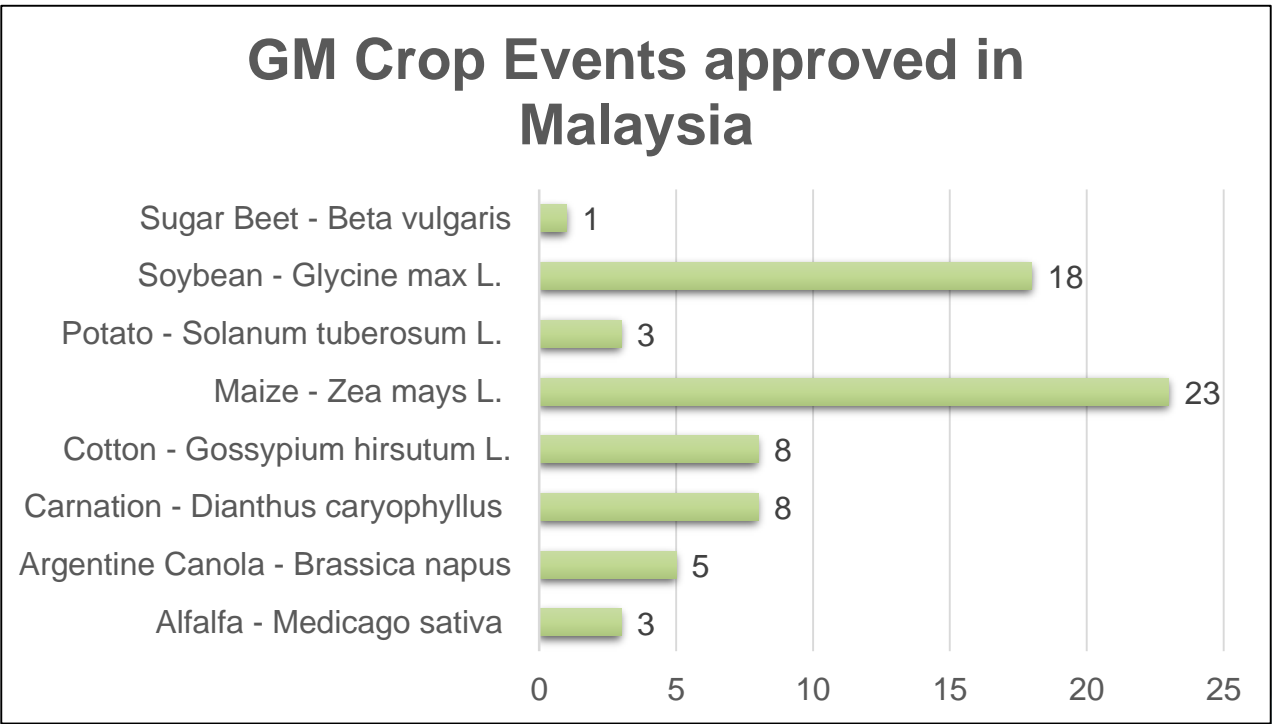
To date, Malaysia has approved 68 GMO events for imported FFP (food, feed, and processing purposes)

Nine (9) release/trials of GMO events

No GM food crop is currently cultivated commercially in Malaysia.



Trends in the global planting area of genetically modified (GM) crops, 1996–2023



Source: ISAAA webpage; Agbio Investor 2024



# Current Regulatory Framework in Malaysia



## Governed Under

- ✓ Cartagena Protocol on Biosafety to the Convention on Biological Diversity (2000)
- ✓ Malaysian Biosafety Act 2007 and Regulations 2010
- ✓ Nagoya-Kuala Lumpur Supplementary Protocol on Liability and Redress (2010)

National  
Biosafety Board  
(NBB)

Genetic Modification  
Advisory  
Committee (GMAC)

Department of  
Biosafety (JBK)

Institution  
Biosafety  
Committee



## Scope Regulations

**Release, importation, exportation** and **contained use activities** of living modified organisms (LMOs) and their products, with the goal of protecting human, animal, and plant health.

# APPROVED FOR RELEASE/ MARKET

- Placing in the market
- Food, Feed and Processing

68



Sugar beet

Eg. H7-1



Corn

Eg. MON87460 etc.



SOY

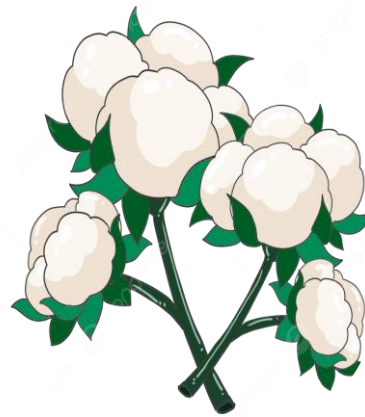
Soy

Eg. HB4 etc.



Alfalfa

Eg. J101, J163 etc.



Cotton

Eg. MON88913 etc.



Potato

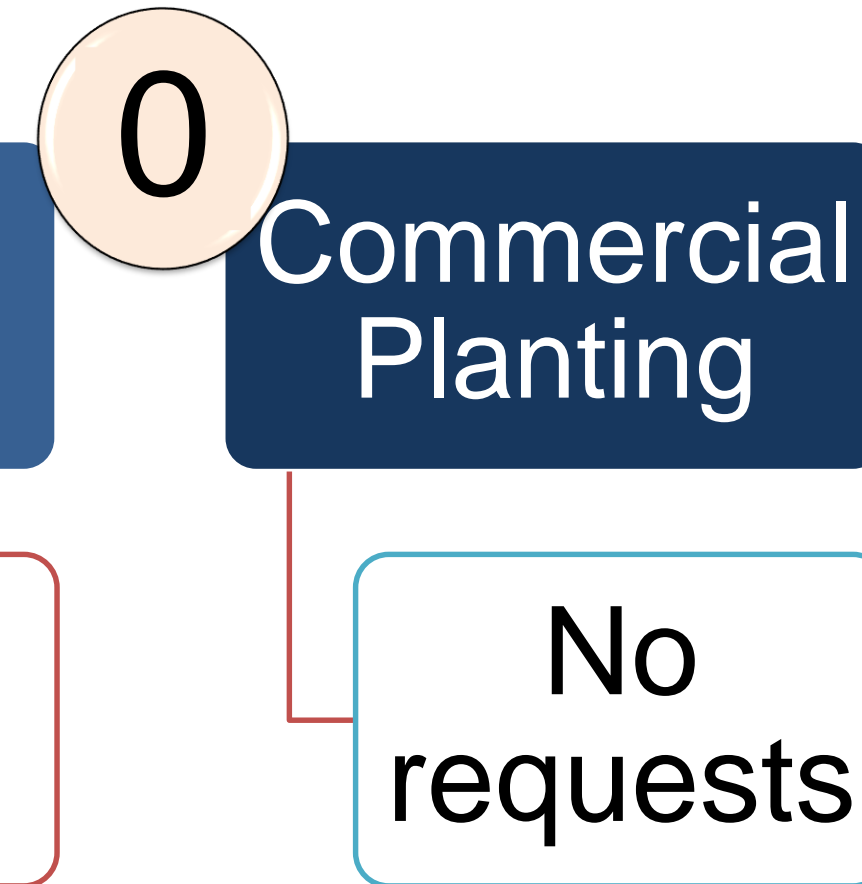
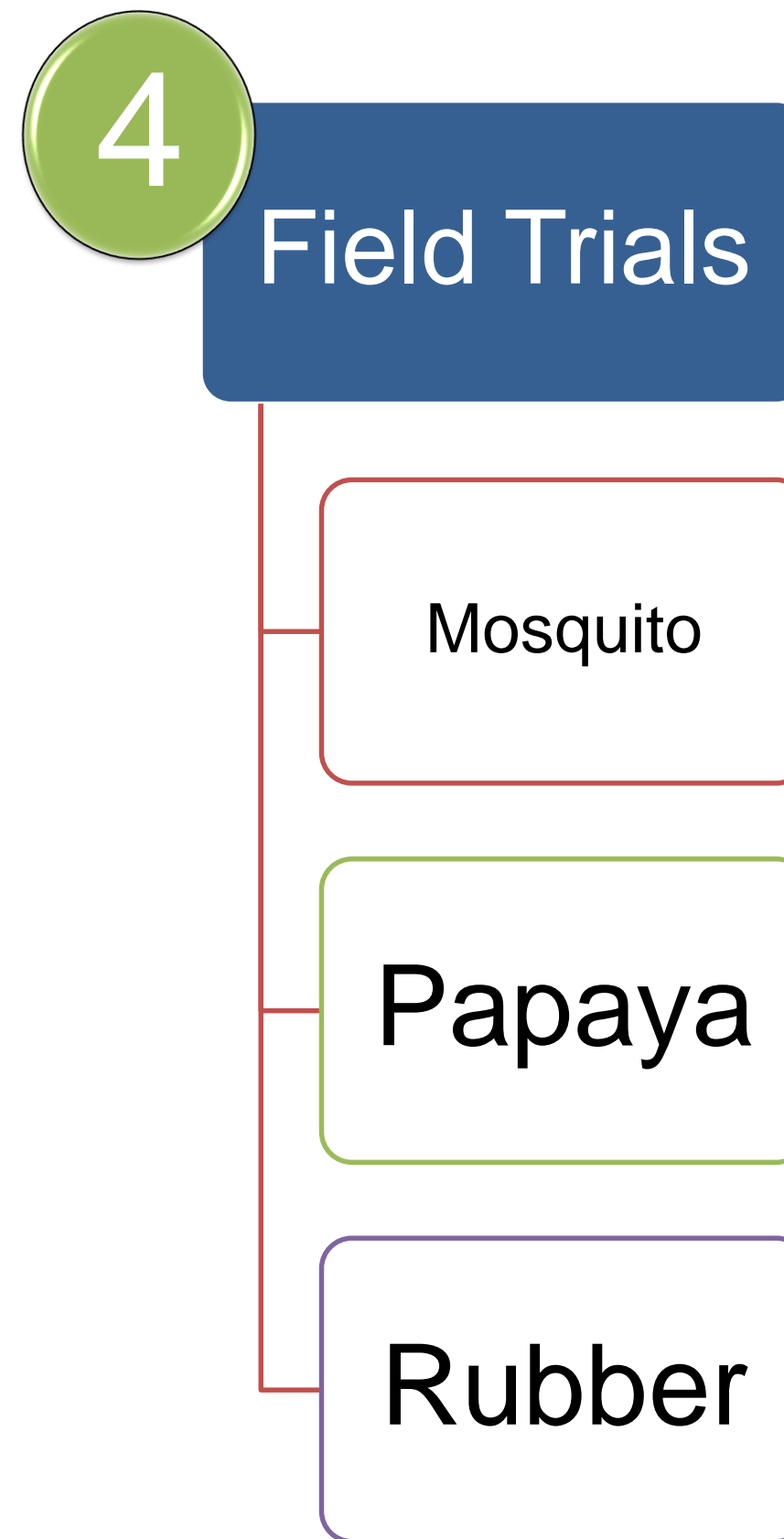
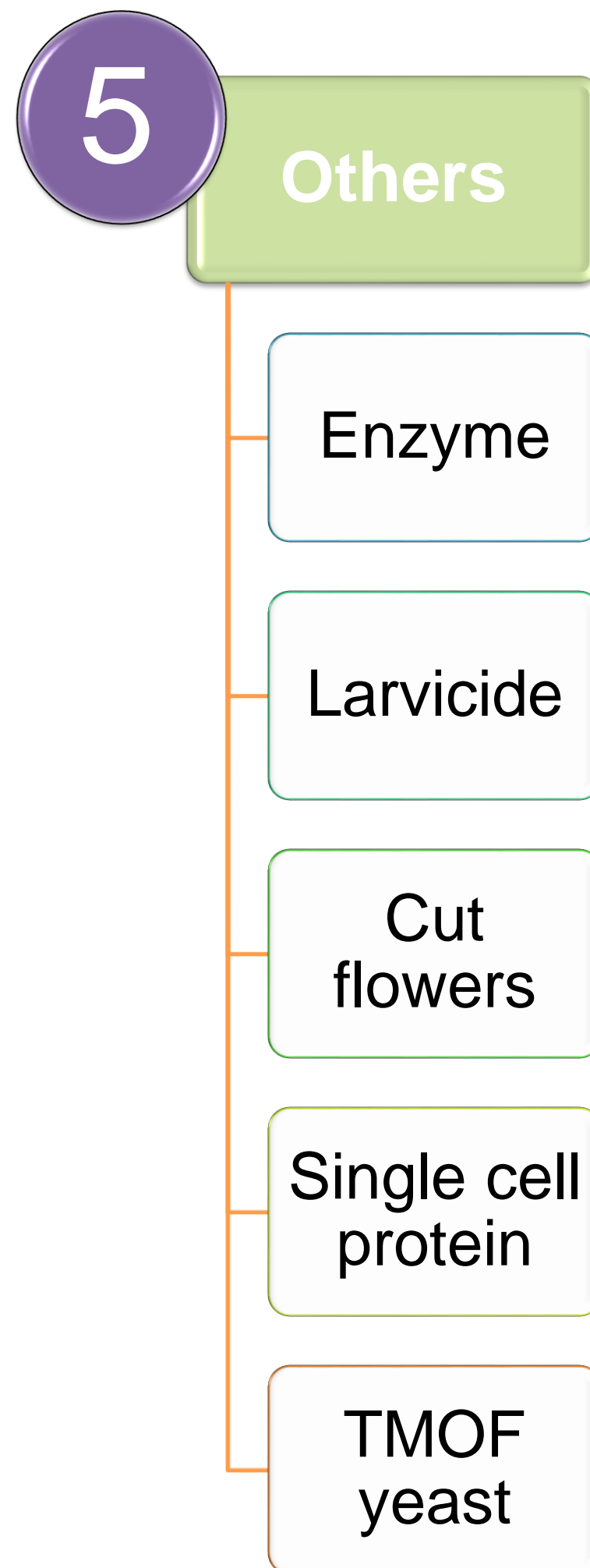
Eg. X17



Oilseed rape

Eg. MON94100,  
MON 88392 etc.

# APPROVED FOR RELEASE





# NBB FIELD TRIAL APPROVALS



Papaya Trees



Rubber trees



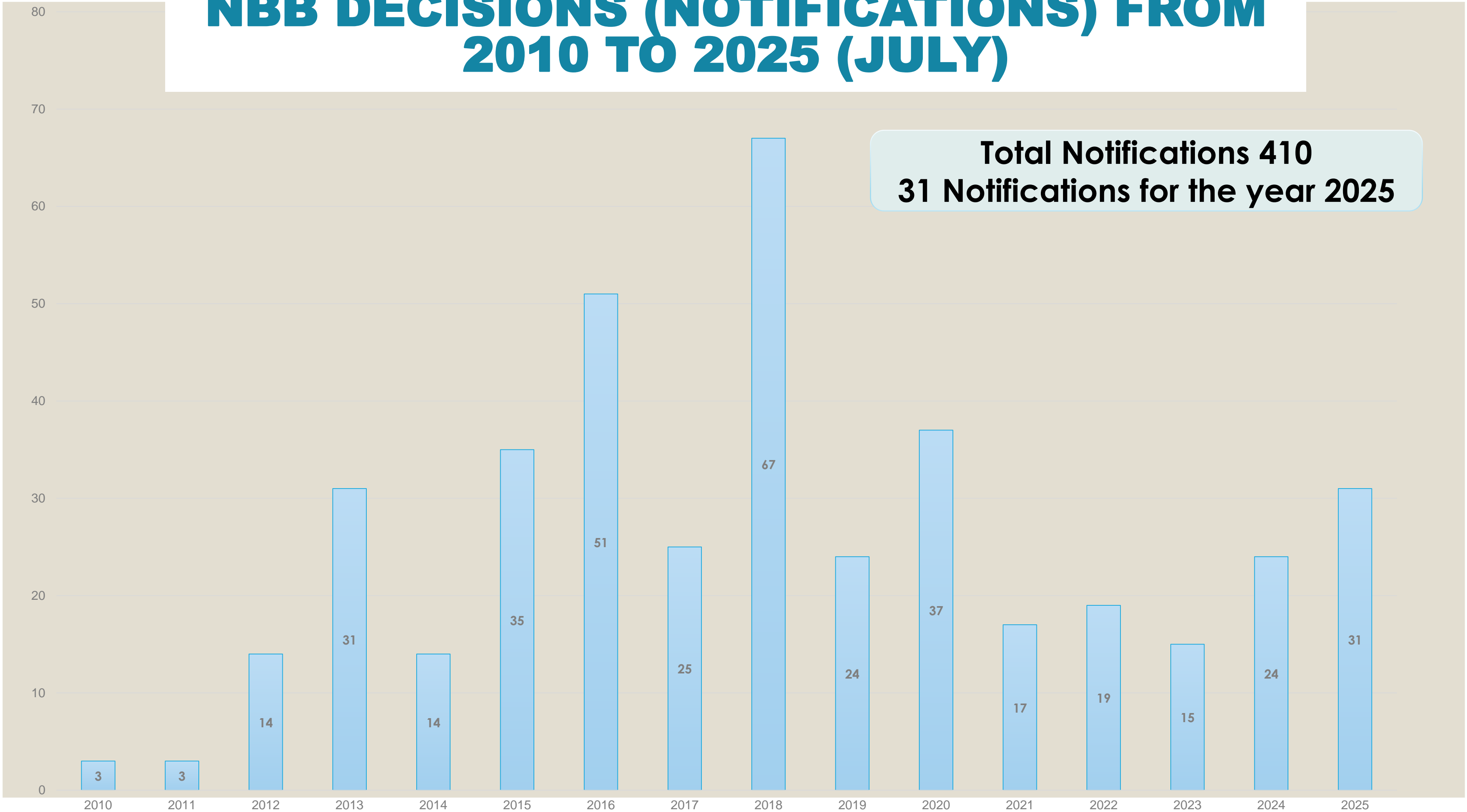
Mosquito



**NO COMMERCIAL PLANTING OF GMO IN  
MALAYSIA TO DATE**



# NBB DECISIONS (NOTIFICATIONS) FROM 2010 TO 2025 (JULY)



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# TYPES OF LMO

- BACTERIA
- PLANT
- ANIMAL (MICE)
- HUMAN CELL LINE
- ALGAE
- YEAST
- AQUATIC (FISH)
- ARTHROPOD





**70 REGISTERED IBC  
IN MALAYSIA**

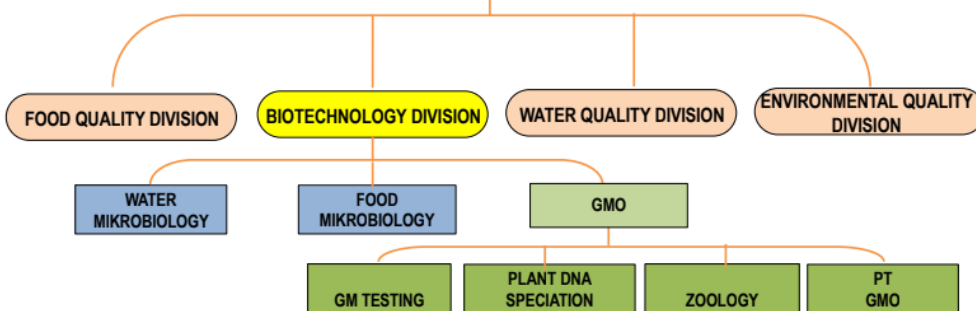


# LABORATORY CAPACITY FOR GMO TESTING

## Department of Chemistry Malaysia (Biotechnology Division)

- 01 National reference agency for **GMO detection and enforcement**.
- 02 Performs **PCR, real-time PCR (qPCR) and Droplet Digital PCR** for qualitative and quantitative testing.
- 03 Validates and develops **event-specific and construct-specific detection methods**
- 04 Supports the **National Biosafety Board (NBB)** and **customs enforcement** at ports.

DRINKING WATER, FOOD & ENVIRONMENTAL SAFETY ANALYSIS CENTRE



## GM Crops That Can Be Tested in the Lab

Soybean, Alfalfa, Rice, Maize, Papaya, Cotton, Potato, Wheat, Canola, Sugar beet, Tomato

## GM Elements Screening Using PCR/ Real-Time PCR

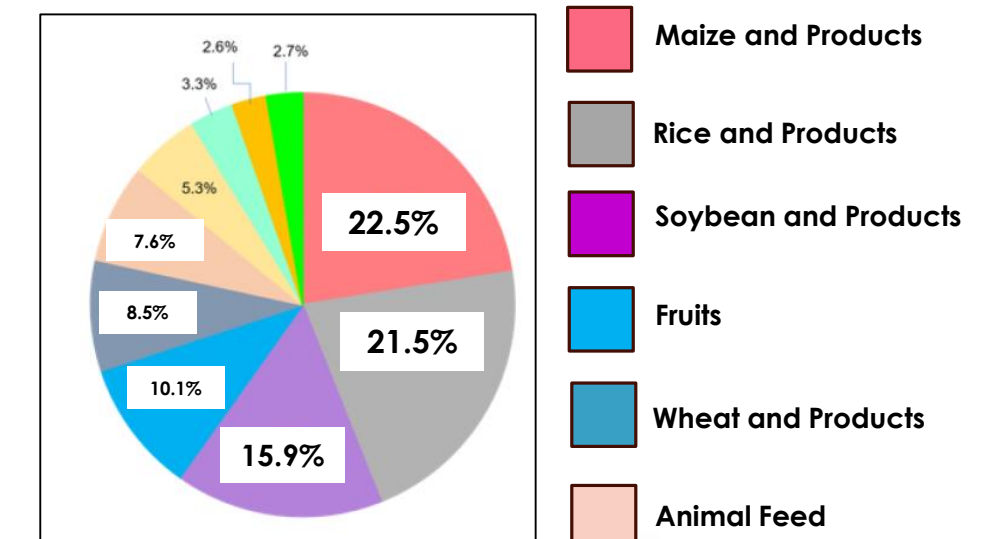
Promoter 35S, Promoter NOS, Terminator NOS, pat gene, bar gene, ctp2-cp4epsps, cry1A(b) gene, nptII gene

## Other Laboratories for GMO Testing:

🏠 Arachem (M) Sdn Bhd 🏠 ChemLab  
🏠 Romer Labs Malaysia Sdn Bhd  
🏠 SGS Malaysia

## Sample Findings (2019–2021):

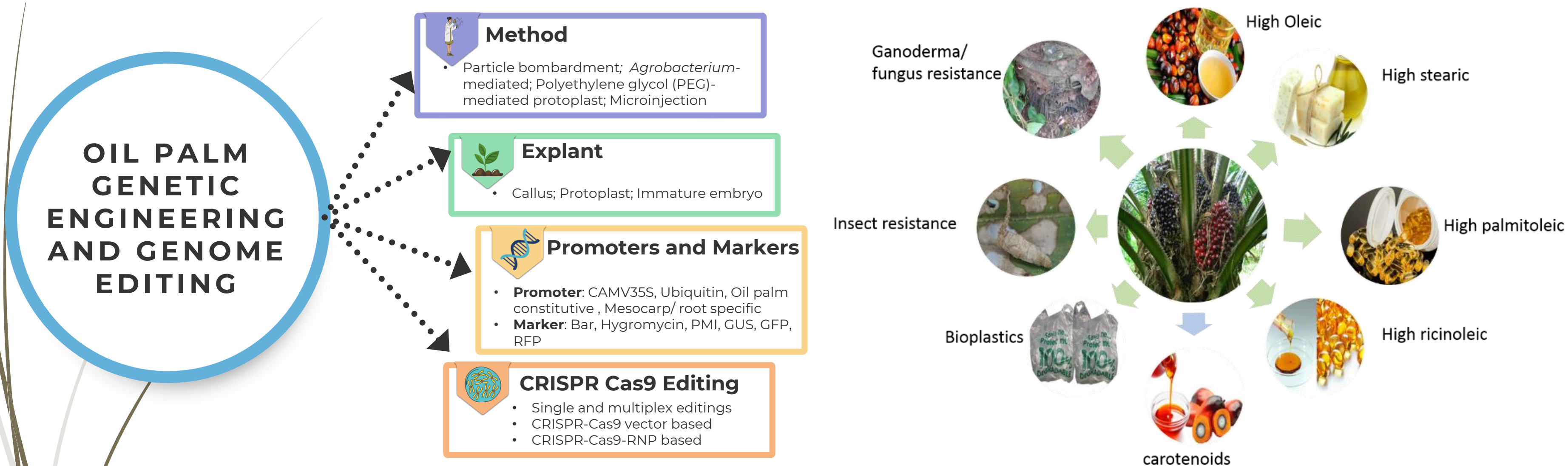
- 🔍 >50% soybean & ~30% maize samples GMO-positive.
- 🔍 100% of animal feed tested positive.
- 🔍 No GM rice detected; unauthorized GM papaya found.



Percentage of crops and its products that were sent to the National Reference Laboratory for testing for the period of 2019-2021 (Swaran and Kupusamy, 2025)



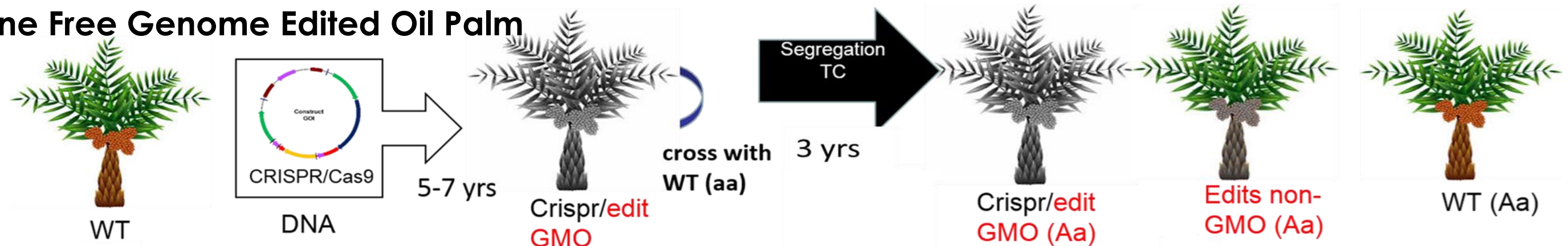
# Oil Palm Genetic Engineering and Genome Editing Programmes



## General Process for Transgene Free Genome Edited Oil Palm

**Conventional Breeding Techniques**  
Requires multiple generations (~10-15 years) to achieve stable traits.

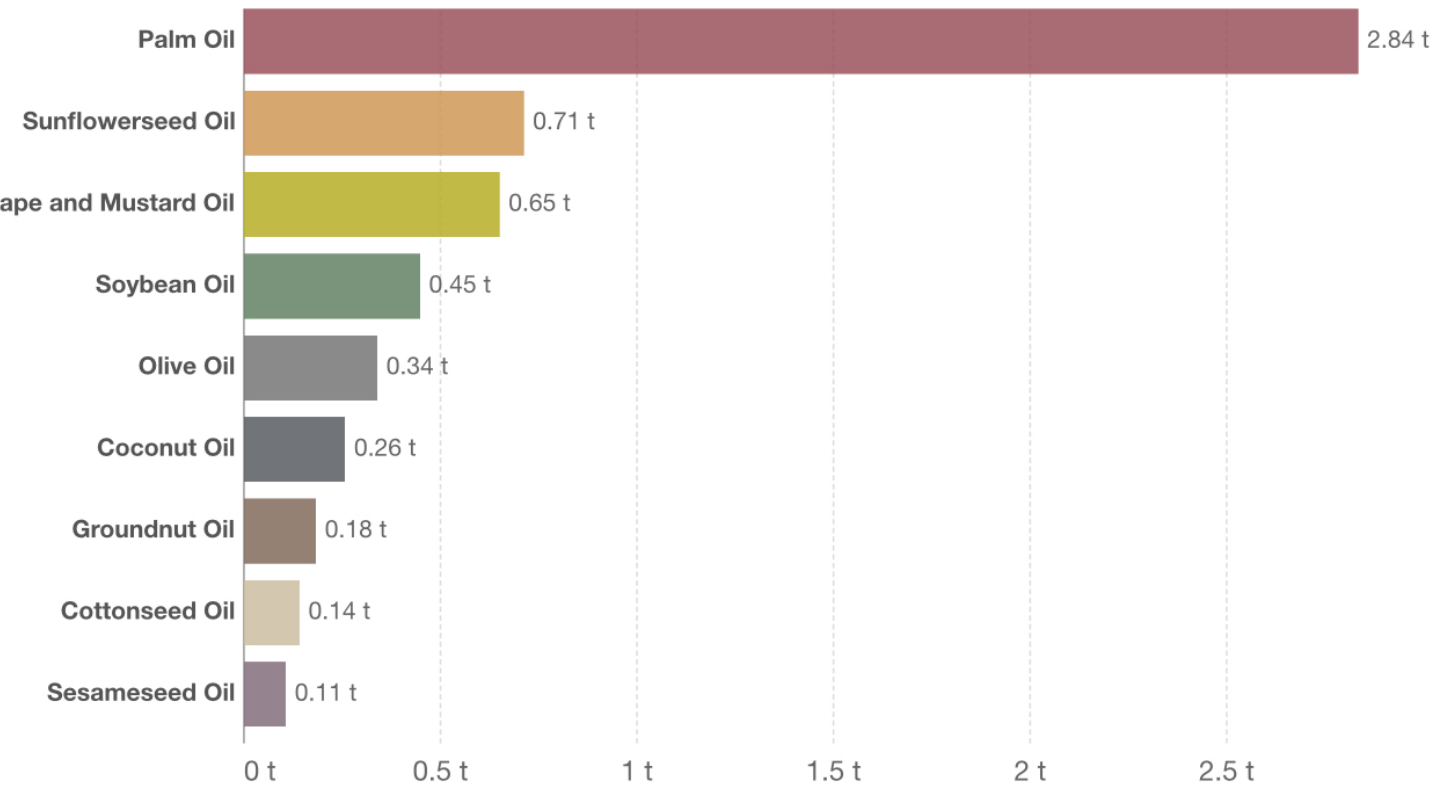
**Genome Editing (CRISPR/Cas9)**  
Faster (~5-7 years) as genetic changes occur within a single generation.





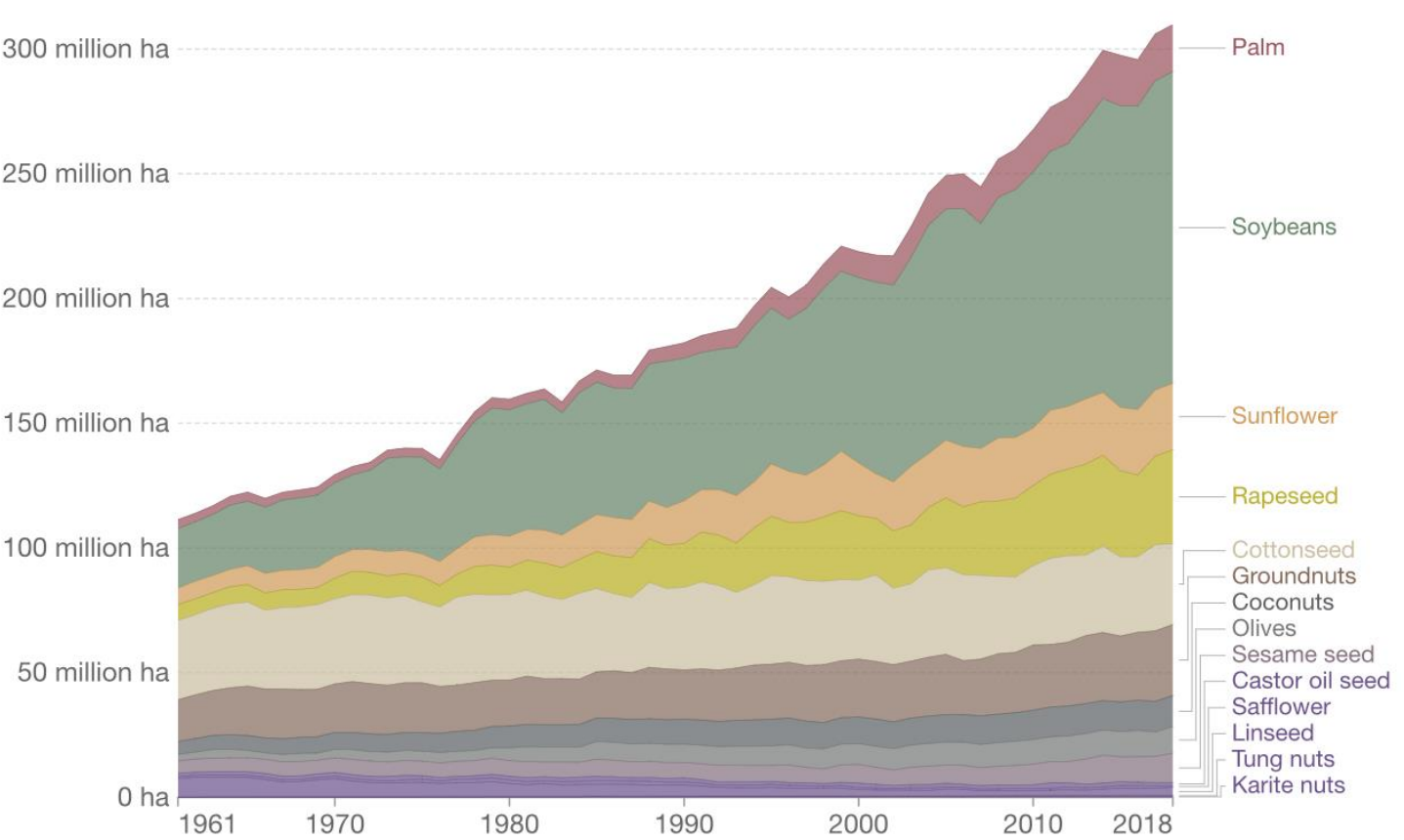
# Oil yield by crop type, 2018

Global oil yields are measured as the average amount of vegetable oil produced per hectare of land. This is different from the total yield of the crop since only a fraction is available as vegetable oil.



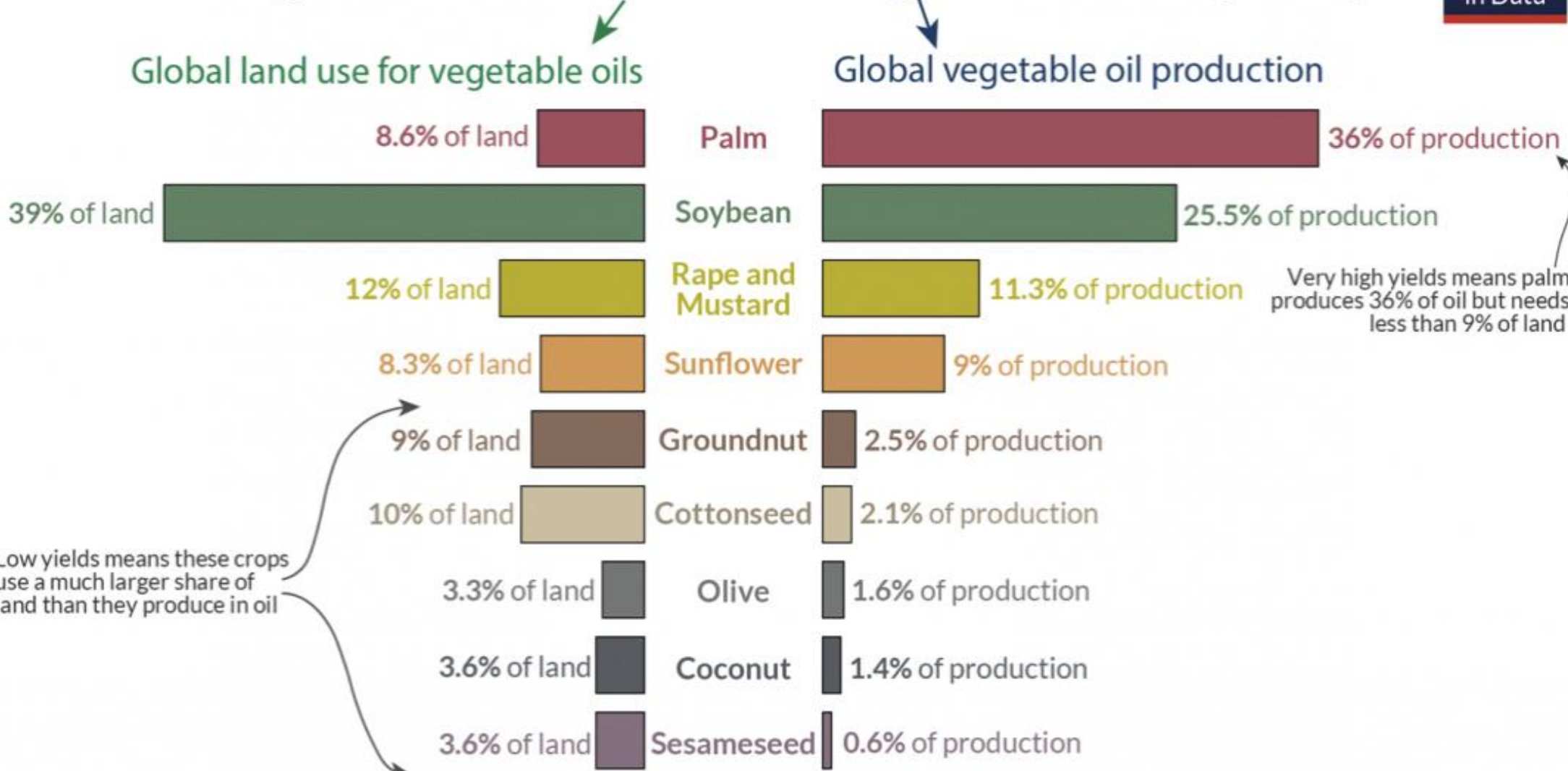
Source: Calculated by Our World in Data based on data from the UN Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO)  
OurWorldInData.org/crop-yields • CC BY

# Land use for vegetable oil crops, World



Source: UN Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO) CC BY

# Share of vegetable oil land use and production by crop



Data source: Calculated by the authors based on production and land use data from the UN Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO) for the year 2018.  
OurWorldInData.org – Research and data to make progress against the world's largest problems. Licensed under CC-BY by the author Hannah Ritchie (Updated June 2021).



# **MPOB:**

## **Developing a national ecosystem for oil palm LMO research**



### **Molecular Analysis Laboratory**

- Gene isolation and vector construction
- Molecular analysis for confirmation of transgenic palms



### **Gene Modification Laboratory**

- Genetic transformation
- Tissue culture
- Selection and regeneration of putative transformants



### **Biosafety Nursery**

- Maintain of putative transgenic oil palm plantlets
- Leave sampling for molecular and protein analyses



### **Biosafety Screenhouse**

- On soil growth of transgenic oil palms
- Vegetative measurement (VM)
- Control pollination and bunch analysis
- Containment studies





# MPOB: Capital Development for Oil Palm LMO Biosafety Handling

- 👍 National Biosafety Board Approval for research activities
- 👍 Standard Operating Procedures for routine activities
- 👍 Emergency Response Plan for potential emergency events
- 👍 Biosafety refresher training (theory and practical)
- 👍 Regular inspections by IBC and JBK





# Biosafety laboratories and nursery inspection by IBC and JBK.



Transgenic Technology Laboratories and Nursery: Regular Inspections (Yearly) by MPOB IBC.

Pathology Laboratory: Inspection by MPOB IBC.



Transgenic Technology Laboratories: Inspection by Jabatan Biokeselamatan (JBK).



10 X 30 meters



100 X 120 meters





# Biosafety screenhouse inspection by IBC and JBK.



## PROSEDUR MASUK DAN KELUAR RUMAH SARINGAN MEMASUKI RUMAH SARINGAN (PELAWAT)





# PUBLIC AWARENESS, ENGAGEMENT AND ACCEPTANCE



This is to inform the public that the National Biosafety Board (NBB) is currently assessing an application for approval submitted by **Bayer Co. (Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd. (7563M)** to release genetically modified **KWS20-1 sugar beet (*Beta vulgaris* L. ssp. *vulgaris* var. *altissima*)** for the purpose of supply or offer to supply for sale/placing in the market with the Reference Number of NBB: **JBK(S) 600-2/1/37**.

NBB welcomes written submissions of opinions/comments from the public regarding the application. More information on the application can be obtained from [www.biosafety.gov.my](http://www.biosafety.gov.my) under **eParticipation>Public Consultation**. Please quote the NBB Reference number for all correspondence.

Submissions must be addressed to:  
**The Director General, Department of Biosafety, Level 4, Block F11, Complex F, Lebuhraya Perdana Timur, Precinct 1, Federal Government Administrative Centre, 62000 Putrajaya, MALAYSIA.**  
E-mail: [dob@biosafety.gov.my](mailto:dob@biosafety.gov.my) / Fax: 03-80917371

The closing date for submissions is **30 July 2025**.



Orang ramai adalah dimaklumkan bahawa Lembaga Biokeselamatan Kebangsaan (LBK) pada ketika ini sedang membuat penilaian ke atas permohonan untuk mendapatkan kelulusan yang dipohon oleh **Bayer Co. (Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd. (7563M)** untuk melepaskan **bit gula (*sugar beet*) (*Beta vulgaris* L. ssp. *vulgaris* var. *altissima*) KWS20-1** yang diubahsuai secara genetik bagi tujuan pembekalan atau tawaran untuk membekalkan/menjual di pasaran dengan Nombor Rujukan LBK: **JBK(S) 600-2/1/37**.

LBK mengalu-alukan pandangan/komen bertulis daripada orang ramai berhubung dengan permohonan tersebut. Maklumat lanjut tentang permohonan boleh didapati daripada [www.biosafety.gov.my](http://www.biosafety.gov.my) di bawah **ePenyertaan>Konsultasi Awam**. Sila nyatakan Nombor Rujukan LBK apabila berhubung dalam semua urusan surat-menyurat.

Segala pandangan/komen hendaklah dialamatkan ke:  
**Ketua Pengarah, Jabatan Biokeselamatan, Aras 4, Blok F11, Kompleks F, Lebuhraya Perdana Timur, Presint 1, Pusat Pentadbiran Kerajaan Persekutuan, 62000 Putrajaya, MALAYSIA.**  
E-mel: [dob@biosafety.gov.my](mailto:dob@biosafety.gov.my) / Faks: 03-80917371

Tarikh tutup serahan adalah pada **30 Julai 2025**.

## Awareness of GMO

Relatively common among educated and stakeholder groups, especially in urban regions like Klang Valley.

## Public engagement

Provide information, receive feedback on public perceptions and gain public trust through the transparency of the process.

## Perceived benefits

Food security and innovation are acknowledged—but often tempered by concerns over **health safety, ethical or religious compatibility, and regulatory transparency**.



This is to inform the public that the National Biosafety Board (NBB) is currently assessing an application submitted by **Bayer Co. (Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd. (7563M)** to release a genetically modified **maize (*Zea mays* L.) MON 95275**, for the purpose of supply or offer to supply for sale/placing in the market with the Reference Number of NBB: **JBK(S) 600-2/1/31**.

NBB welcomes written submissions of opinions/comments from the public regarding the application. More information on the application can be obtained from [www.biosafety.gov.my](http://www.biosafety.gov.my) under Public Consultation. Please quote NBB Reference number for correspondence.


Submissions must be addressed to:  
**The Director General, Department of Biosafety, Aras 4, Blok F11, Kompleks F, Lebuhraya Perdana Timur, Presint 1, Pusat Pentadbiran Kerajaan Persekutuan, 62000 Putrajaya, MALAYSIA.**  
E-mail: [dob@biosafety.gov.my](mailto:dob@biosafety.gov.my) / Fax: 03-80917371

The closing date for submissions is **13 September 2023**.





# Way forward for Malaysia

- 01** Malaysia has established a robust regulatory framework and monitoring systems, reflects its commitment to food safety and biodiversity protection.
  - 02** Continuous investment in scientific capability, public awareness, and policy clarity to strengthen preparedness for future GMO food safety and innovations.
  - 03** Focus on genome edited food for better public acceptance.
  - 04** Balance the scientific innovation with public concern and environmental protection.
- 



THANK YOU  
[parveez@mpob.gov.my](mailto:parveez@mpob.gov.my)

